

Investor information for
Kapitalforeningen FRAM

Sub-fund Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk.

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Investor information in accordance with section 62 of the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers,
etc. Act

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INVESTMENT IN KAPITALFORENINGEN FRAM

The legal consequences of an investor investing in one or more units of a sub-fund together are generally equivalent to any other investment in an ordinary security. When registering the unit, the investor will own a proportional share of the sub-fund to which the investment corresponds.

Liability

The investors of the fund are solely liable for their deposits, and furthermore, the investor has no liability for the obligations of the fund. Units are freely transferable and negotiable within the investor base as set out in the articles of association. No units have special rights. No investor in the fund is obliged to redeem his or her units.

Fair treatment of investors and potential preferential treatment

The manager supports fair treatment of investors in each sub-fund. No investor is given preferential treatment.

All investors will in principle have the same rights with respect to matters affecting all of the investors in the fund. For matters relating solely to investors in a single sub-fund, all investors in the sub-fund will have the same rights.

In connection with order management, there are processes to ensure that all sub-funds in the fund are treated uniformly and fairly. Therefore, trades in the same securities are issued at the same time for all sub-funds, provided that the investment decision has been made simultaneously. Special situations may arise where all sub-funds do not trade simultaneously due to circumstances over which the manager has no influence.

The manager exercises the greatest care to treat each sub-fund and its investors fairly. However, it must be emphasised that, regardless of the efforts made, it is not always possible to achieve the same treatment for all investors. The manager has processes in place to handle such situations in the best way possible.

Negotiability and tradability

The fund units are negotiable instruments, and there are no restrictions on the transferability of units.

Dissolution

The Board of Directors may propose to the investors a resolution to dissolve a fund or a sub-fund. Such a proposal may, for example, be due to an insufficient capital basis or potentially outdated investment areas in the fund or the sub-fund.

For the adoption of a resolution to dissolve, merge or split a sub-fund, the resolution must be agreed to by both at least two-thirds of the votes cast and by the portion of the wealth of the fund or sub-fund represented at the Annual General Meeting.

Transfer

There are no special rules applicable to the transfer of investors from one sub-fund to another in the fund. Transfer is considered to be a redemption with subsequent issue under general terms.

Voting rights

Each investor shall have one vote for each DKK 100 unit in sub-funds/unit classes denominated in Danish kroner. In sub-funds or unit classes denominated in other currencies, the number of votes is calculated by multiplying the notional value of the investor's number of units by the officially determined exchange rate against Danish kroner on the list of exchange rates published by the National Bank of Denmark 1 week prior to the Annual General Meeting and dividing the result by 100. The number of votes obtained is rounded down to the nearest whole number. However, each investor shall have at least one vote.

Investors may exercise voting rights only for units that were recorded in the fund's register of investors under the investor's name one week prior to the Annual General Meeting.

Voting rights may not be exercised for the units that a sub-fund owns in other sub-funds of the fund.

No voting restrictions apply.

Rights

No units have special rights.

Changing risk frameworks and investment strategy

Within the framework of the fund's articles of association, the directors may change the risk framework and investment strategy on an ongoing basis. If the requested changes are outside the framework of the articles of association, the Board of Directors will propose a change to the fund's articles of association at an ordinary or extraordinary general meeting.

Jurisdiction, choice of law and security interests

The legal consequences of investing in units of the fund are described above. The fund is established in Denmark and subject to Danish law.

Any purchase or sale of units of the sub-funds of the fund will accordingly be subject to Danish law and jurisdiction. This means that a lawsuit must be brought before a Danish court under Danish legal rules.

The sole condition applicable to security interests under Danish law is that the legitimate owner's registration of units, like all other securities, must take place into or out of the fund's security depository to or from an owner's depository. Custody is assumed to be in a Danish custodian credit institution.

There are no other associated special security interests.

The investor is encouraged to seek individual advice on his or her own investment and tax circumstances.

THE FUND

Name and address

Kapitalforeningen FRAM
Hørmarken 2, 2., 3520 Farum

The registered office of the Fund is the Municipality of Furesø.

Registration number

Danish Financial Supervisory Authority
registration no.: 24.046 CVR no.: 32 83 15 32.

Establishment

Kapitalforeningen FRAM (formerly Kapitalforeningen Investin) was established on 12 March 2010. At its Annual General Meeting on 28 March 2014, the fund changed its status to a capital fund according to the rules of the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act.

The fund comprises the following sub-funds:

- K Invest Europæiske Banklån
- CABA Hedge KL
- SRV – Fixed Income akk. KL
- Marselis Credit Fund Akk.
- Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk.
- PPIM Core Fixed Income

Purpose

According to the provisions of the articles of association, the purpose of the fund is to create a return for one or more investors by investing in liquid assets, including currency or financial instruments covered by Appendix 5 of the Danish Financial Business Act.

Base currency of the fund

DKK

Articles of association and annual reports

The fund's articles of association are an integral part of this investor information and are attached as an appendix.

The annual report of the fund will be submitted in accordance with the rules in the Danish Financial Statements Act, completed with the necessary modifications relating to the fund's special activity. The financial year follows the calendar year. The articles of association and annual reports shall be provided upon request by Fundrock Asset Management Denmark ApS.

The funds in each sub-fund are managed and accounted separately. Separate financial statements are provided for each sub-fund. The administrative costs that cannot be allocated directly to the individual sub-fund shall be distributed among the sub-funds according to the relevant rules of the articles of association.

Assets

At the end of 2024, the fund's assets totalled DKK 7.64 billion.

MARSELIS CORPORATE BONDS AKK.**Resolution to set up**

The decision to establish the sub-fund Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. (SE no. 40 50 64 62) was taken at the meeting of the Board of Directors on 30 April 2019.

Purpose of the sub-fund

The purpose of the sub-fund is to generate a better risk-adjusted return than the broad credit market through an investment strategy based on relative value.

Investment area

Investments in the fund will be made in accordance with section 3(1) no. 11 of the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act and according to the articles of association.

The sub-fund invests its assets in corporate bonds issued in European markets, which primarily come from European companies. Secondary investments may be made in non-European companies with bonds issued in EUR. The sub-fund may also invest in European government bonds and mortgage bonds or similar, as an alternative investment of liquid assets. The sub-fund may also invest its assets in equities and warrants in the event of conversion of a corporate bond.

The sub-fund may deposit funds in a credit institution in a country within the European Union or in a country with which the Union has entered into agreements in the area of finance.

Investment strategy

The sub-fund's investment strategy aims to exploit credit market imbalances and to follow data-based investment strategies by investing in European corporate bonds. The sub-fund will primarily invest in bonds of non-financial High Yield companies, as well as in subordinated debt from both financial and non-financial Investment Grade companies. The sub-fund invests in bonds from the European market, primarily EUR and DKK, the majority of which are issued by European companies.

The sub-fund pursues an active investment strategy in which it invests in corporate bonds that are expected, within a particular time horizon, to give the best possible return, taking into account the risk

profile. This time horizon is determined according to the specific case but will often be relatively short (< 1 year). The investment strategy is focused, and the portfolio will therefore typically consist of bonds from 35-45 issuers.

Investment restrictions

The sub-fund's investments in EUR bonds from non-European issuers should have a minimum circulation amount of EUR 150 million.

Corporate bonds with a credit rating must, at the time of investment, be rated at least CCC+ or Caa1 by either S&P, Moody's or another internationally recognised credit rating agency. The average credit rating for the sub-fund's rated bonds, which make up a minimum of 70% of the sub-fund's holdings in corporate bonds, must be B/B2 or higher at all times. Where the sub-fund has invested in bonds that contribute to the average credit rating falling below B2, the sub-fund must aim to sell the bonds from the portfolio immediately. In exceptional cases, where it serves the interest of investors, the sub-fund may sell these bonds over a period no longer than three months.

Information according to the Sustainable Finance Disclosures Regulation

Until further notice, the sub-fund is categorised as an Article 6 investment fund according to Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 (Sustainable Finance Disclosures Regulation).

The sub-fund does not include sustainability risks or other sustainability aspects in its investment decisions. No separate analyses or estimates of the effects of sustainability risks on returns will be performed as long as the sub-fund's returns reflect the returns for a portfolio consisting of European corporate bonds, European government bonds, European property and non-European corporate bonds issued in EUR – with the ESG risks this entails.

Information under the Taxonomy Regulation

The investments underlying financial products do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088.

Derivative financial instruments

The sub-fund may not use derivative financial instruments or forward foreign exchange contracts or loan out any securities.

Leverage

Leverage will be recognised according to the gross and commitment method as defined in Commission Delegated Regulation no. 2013/231/EU. Leverage is expressed as the ratio of an AIF's exposure (including derivative financial instruments), where exposure corresponds to an equivalent position in the underlying asset, relative to the total assets. 100% means that the AIF is fully invested in non-leveraged securities.

The two methods for determining leverage targets are set out in legislation. Leverage under the gross method is recognised as exposure to all positions (excluding cash in base currency) relative to total assets. Leverage under the commitment method is recognised as exposure to all positions (including cash) relative to total assets. Under the commitment method, the level may be reduced as the regulation allows for the possibility of reducing exposure through the netting or exclusion of exposure from positions used solely for risk hedging.

The maximum leverage levels for the sub-fund are:

Gross method: The maximum level of leverage for the sub-fund calculated using the gross method: 110%.

Commitment method: The maximum level of leverage for the sub-fund calculated using the commitment method: 110%.
Financial leverage is not allowed.

Benchmark

The sub-fund does not use a benchmark.

Risk factors

In particular, investors should be aware that liquidity risk, credit risk, cash risk, issuer-specific risk, credit/yield spread risk, interest rate and bond market risk and currency risk may affect the value of investment in the sub-fund.

The individual risk factors are described in more detail in the section "Risk conditions and classes".

Valuation of assets

Assets are valued in accordance with the accounting provisions in the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act with the selection of the accounting provisions in the Danish Investment Associations, etc. Act.

Bonds and derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value for the first time on the day of trading and then continuously at fair value. However, the fair value of drawn bonds is measured at the present value of the bonds. Cash is recognised at its notional value.

The fair value for bonds, bank loans and derivative financial instruments is calculated using generally accepted valuation techniques. These techniques include the use of similar recent transactions between independent parties, reference to other similar instruments and an analysis of discounted cash flows, as well as options and other models based on observable market data.

Distribution

The sub-fund is accumulating and will not make distributions, as net profit is appropriated to increase the sub-fund's assets.

Investor profile/typical investor

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL A is intended for professional and semi-professional investors only.

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL W is intended for professionals and semi-professional investors only.

An investment in the sub-fund is recommended to be included only as a limited part of a larger well-diversified portfolio. Investors should have an investment horizon of at least 3 years.

The sub-fund is best suited to forms of investment that would not have any tax disadvantages in terms of mark-to-market taxation, cf. the section on tax regulations.

Tax regulations

The sub-fund is an investment firm, cf. section 19 of the Danish Capital Gains Tax Act.

For free funds invested in the sub-fund, tax will be paid on returns on the units according to the tax rules for unrealised gains on securities. This means annual taxation of both realised and unrealised gains and deductions for any losses. For natural persons this is paid as capital gains tax, and for companies it is paid as corporate income tax.

For assets invested under a business scheme, tax is also paid according to the tax rules for unrealised gains on securities, and returns on the units are included in the tax statement for that part of the company.

For pension funds, tax is paid according to the tax rules for unrealised gains on securities, and pursuant to the Danish Pension Investment Return Tax Act.

RISK CONDITIONS AND CLASSES

Investment in units in the sub-fund entails a risk of loss in the same way as for any other investment. The value of units in a sub-fund may fluctuate over time, and could therefore decrease, stay the same or increase in value at any time from the time of investment. Investors should therefore be aware that investment in a unit trust cannot be compared with deposits in a bank and that its value is not guaranteed.

The sub-fund is risk classified on a scale from 1 to 7. The risk classification indicates the typical correlation between the risk and return potential of investing in the sub-fund and is determined by the fluctuations in the sub-fund's (or a relevant benchmark's) net asset value over the last five years.

Risk classification 1 means small exchange rate fluctuations and therefore low risk, and is typically combined with lower returns. Risk classification 7 means high exchange rate fluctuations and therefore high risk, and is typically combined with the possibility of higher returns. Please be aware that a sub-fund's risk classification may change over time, and that the historical data on which the current risk classification is based may not necessarily give an idea of the future risk profile. The most recent calculated risk classification can be found in the key information document for the sub-fund, which can be found at fmmarselis.dk or www.fundrock.com/funds.

The fund continuously works to maintain the risk profile of the sub-fund via an appropriate spread of the sub-fund's investments within the frameworks set by law and the fund's articles of association.

The sub-fund may be affected by various risk factors. A number of these possible risk factors are listed below.

Credit risk

Credit risk relates in particular to a sub-fund's investment in bonds. A bond entails a risk of loss if the issuer is not able to meet its payment obligations in the form of interest and instalments on the bond debt. The likelihood of losses is related to creditworthiness. The credit spread indicates whether the issuer has a high or low creditworthiness. The lower the issuer's creditworthiness, the greater the likelihood of losses. This bond sub-fund invests in corporate bonds of companies with a credit rating at the time of investment of at least CCC+ or Caa1 from either S&P, Moody's or another internationally recognised credit rating agency. CCC indicates the credit spread for an issuer with low creditworthiness, which is why there is some risk involved.

Liquidity risk

In exceptional cases, local, national or global conditions may make some securities and currencies difficult to buy and/or sell. This may, for example, be because only a few securities of that kind have been issued, so larger purchases or sales may push the market price of securities either up or down significantly. This may in itself affect the value of the sub-fund's investments. There will also be bonds that are traded less often than others, making pricing and bond sales more difficult.

In addition, there may be instances, such as a financial crisis or a situation where the issuer's financial situation is more uncertain, which may make it more difficult to sell. In some cases, lack of liquidity may mean that the sub-fund has to suspend the redemption and sale of new investment certificates for a shorter or longer period. At the same time, it may also mean that it is necessary to sell at a lower price.

Interest rate and bond market risk

A sub-fund investing in bond markets will be exposed to risk through fluctuating levels of interest rates. Interest rate level is affected by both national and international macroeconomic conditions such as business cycle, financial and monetary policy and inflation expectations. When the level of interest rates rises, it means a decline in the price of bonds, so that the value of a sub-fund's investments declines.

Interest rate risk can be described by the term duration, which is, among other things, an expression of the price risk of the bonds in which the sub-fund invests. The lower the duration, the more stable the price of the bonds will be if interest rates change.

Cash risk

A sub-fund may hold a larger or smaller proportion of its assets as cash or fixed-term deposits in a financial institution, including in the fund's custodian company. This means a risk of loss to the sub-fund if the financial institution goes bankrupt. The sub-fund in question has no explicit framework for cash deposits, which means that during some periods the sub-fund may have a larger cash deposit balance.

Credit/yield spread risk

Credit spread/yield spread expresses the difference between secure government bonds and other bond types issued in the same currency and with the same maturity. The credit spread shows the premium in the form of extra interest that the investor receives in order to take on an additional credit risk for investments in the less secure bonds. In periods of unrest in the financial markets, interest rate spreads can widen rapidly and significantly, which may cause a fall in the price of a sub-fund's investments.

The sub-fund invests primarily in bonds with greater credit risk than, for example, government bonds which are safer because their credit risk is usually very small. This is due to the risk of bankruptcy with corporate bonds.

Issuer-specific risk

A single security may fluctuate more in value than the total market, and may thus generate a return that is very different from that of the market. The value of the individual security will depend, among other things, on the earnings of the issuer, e.g. the company behind a share or corporate bond, which may in turn be affected by, for example, regulatory, competitive and liquidity conditions. If a sub-fund invests a large percentage of its assets in a single security, it becomes more sensitive to the developments of that issuer, and the value of the sub-fund may vary greatly. If the issuer goes bankrupt, the sub-fund may suffer a loss. The sub-fund invests a maximum of 15% of its total assets in corporate bonds from one issuer, which limits risk without eliminating it entirely.

Currency risk

Investments in foreign securities pose a risk when converting from foreign currencies to Danish kroner because exchange rates can fluctuate. These fluctuations may affect the value of investments in a sub-fund that invests in foreign securities, in either a positive or a negative direction. A sub-fund that invests in Danish securities has no direct currency risk, while a fund that invests in European securities has limited currency risk. A sub-fund that systematically hedges against Danish kroner has a very limited currency risk. Under the investment area of each sub-fund, it will be stated whether it carries out such rate hedging. The sub-fund's currency positions in EUR and DKK should constitute at least 90% of the sub-fund's total assets, which limits risk without eliminating it completely.

REPORTING ON RISK AND RISK MANAGEMENT ETC.

Share of illiquid assets

The sub-fund invests its assets in corporate bonds issued in European markets, which primarily come from European companies. Secondary investments may be made in non-European companies with bonds issued in EUR.

The liquidity of the sub-fund is ensured by the average credit rating for the sub-fund's rated bonds, which make up a minimum of 70% of the sub-fund's assets, being B/B2 or higher at all times. The majority of these corporate bonds are included in European indices and benchmarks in which many market makers are present.

The proportion of unrated bonds, which must be considered illiquid, are expected to make up 10–30% of the sub-fund's assets.

To ensure the liquidity of the sub-fund in connection with redemption, the investor must request redemption 14 days prior to the redemption time, which is limited to once a week on Tuesdays. This gives the manager time to arrange the sale of underlying assets in a timely manner before the redemption time.

The fund may postpone the redemption of the sub-fund when the fund cannot determine its net asset value due to market conditions, when, for the sake of equal treatment of the investors, the fund determines the redemption price or when the fund has realised the assets necessary for redemption of the units.

Risk profile and risk management systems

The total risk to the sub-fund is estimated at risk level 3 on a risk scale of 1 to 7 as at 31st May 2025. The relevant risk profile and risk management systems used to manage the risks of the sub-fund will be set out in the up-to-date investor information.

The sub-fund's risk management system is based on daily calculations which measure whether the portfolio manager is following the agreed investment guidelines. The calculations and validations ensure that the portfolio manager remains within the investment frameworks set out in the sub-fund's risk profile. If the investment guidelines are not followed and the portfolio manager does not respond within the agreed time frame, the fund's Board of Directors will be informed.

Leverage

The sub-fund may use leverage in its investment strategy.

FUND UNITS, SUBSCRIPTION AND REDEMPTION

Units

The sub-fund is certificate-issuing. The units are registered in Euronext Securities, with a value of DKK 100 and multiples thereof.

Place of subscription

Nykredit Bank A/S
Kalvebod Brygge 47
DK-1780 Copenhagen V
Tel.: +45 44 55 18 96
Fax: +45 44 55 13 33

Nykredit Bank A/S is the certificate-issuing institute for the fund. However, a general fee is payable to Euronext Securities with balance changes in the Euronext Securities account.

Ongoing issue

Subscriptions to the sub-fund are made in accordance with the articles of association. Issues have no set maximum amount. The Board of Directors is authorised to carry out the ongoing issue of the fund's units.

The sub-fund is open for issue every Tuesday when a subscription request is made before 15:00 CET. If a given Tuesday is a public or a bank holiday, the sub-fund will be open for issue on the next banking day thereafter.

Settlement will take place two banking days after subscription.

Ongoing issue may be suspended at the Board's decision, if, for example, there is considered to be significant doubt about the value of the sub-fund's resources at the time of issue.

For large issues of DKK 10 million and above, the fund manager may permit issues in contributions in kind of securities.

Issue costs

The issue price is determined using the dual pricing method in accordance with section 4(1) of the Executive Order on the calculation of issue and redemption prices for the subscription and redemption of units of Danish UCITS etc. by dividing the value of the total assets on issue by the notional value of the units subscribed. An amount will be added to cover the costs of purchasing financial instruments and the costs necessary on issue.

Danish bank holidays apply for NAV calculation purposes.

Issue costs include the following maximum expenditures as a percentage of net asset value:

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL A

Brokerage and direct costs for purchasing instruments	0.00%
Other market-led trading expenses	0.50%
Administration:	0.00%
Marketing:	0.00%
Public expenditure etc.:	0.00%
Subscription, sales and guarantee commission etc.:	<u>0.00%</u>
Total	0.50%

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL W

Brokerage and direct costs for purchasing instruments	0.00%
Other market-led trading expenses	0.50%
Administration:	0.00%
Marketing:	0.00%
Public expenditure etc.:	0.00%
Subscription, sales and guarantee commission etc.:	<u>0.00%</u>
Total	0.50%

The maximum issue costs indicated may be exceeded during periods of unusual market conditions resulting in an increase in the other market-derived expenses incurred in purchasing and selling the sub-fund's instruments.

For large issues, the costs for the fund will be lower or higher than the rates indicated above. For large issues of a minimum of DKK 10 million, the fund therefore reserves the right in the specific case to reduce or increase the front-end load. However, the front-end load cannot be lower than the costs of purchasing securities, unless the issue takes place in connection with a contribution in kind of securities in the sub-fund.

Redemption

Redemption can be made every Tuesday with 14 banking days' notice. If a given Tuesday is a public or a bank holiday, redemption may take place on the next banking day thereafter. Settlement will take place two banking days after redemption.

Any investor has the right to redeem their units in whole or in part. The redemption price is calculated using the dual pricing method in accordance with Section 4(2) of the Executive Order on calculation of issue and redemption prices for the subscription and redemption of units of Danish UCITS etc. at the net asset value calculated at the time of redemption using the same principles as used in the annual report, by dividing the value of the total assets at the time of redemption by the notional value of units subscribed less an amount to cover the costs of selling financial instruments and the costs necessary for the redemption.

On redemption, costs for brokerage, spreads and other trading costs will be estimated at no more than 0.75% of the net asset value for both unit classes.

For large redemptions, the costs for the fund will be lower or higher than the rate indicated above. For large redemptions of a minimum of DKK 10 million, the fund therefore reserves the right in the specific case to reduce or increase the back-end load. However, the back-end load cannot be lower than the costs of selling securities unless the redemption takes place in connection with the withdrawal of securities in the sub-fund.

The fund shall withhold dividend tax on the redemption in accordance with applicable tax rules.

The redemption may be postponed by decision of the Board if, for example, the fund is deemed not to be able to determine its net asset value due to market conditions or when, for the sake of equal treatment of the investors, the fund determines the redemption price, when the fund has realised the assets necessary for redemption of the units.

The maximum redemption costs indicated may be exceeded during periods of unusual market conditions resulting in an increase in the other market-derived expenses incurred in purchasing and selling the sub-fund's instruments.

The sale or redemption of units may take place through the investor's financial institution against the payment of standard trading costs.

In exceptional cases, the fund may request that the redemption price be determined after the sub-fund has realised the assets necessary to accommodate the redemption.

With large redemptions of DKK 10 million and more, the fund's investment management company may settle redemption payments using securities if the investor so wishes, and if this would not be to the detriment of the remaining investors. The redemption deduction will deviate from the aforementioned estimated costs.

No investor shall be obliged to redeem his or her units in whole or in part.

Fund code/ISIN

The sub-fund is registered in Euronext Securities with the following fund code/ISIN:

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL A: DK0061675436

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. – KL W: DK0061143187

Name listing

The fund units should be listed by name and noted in the fund's register of investors held by Apex Fund Services S.A.. Name listing is done by the financial institution in which the units are in custody.

Exchange rate information

Net asset value and issue and redemption prices for units in the sub-fund are calculated each Wednesday and will be disclosed at fmmarselis.dk.

Admittance to trading on a regulated market

The sub-fund has not applied for admission to trading on Nasdaq Copenhagen A/S.

SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS AND COSTS

AIFM

The sub-fund has entered into a manager agreement with FundRock Management Company S.A. having its registered office 5 Heienhaff, L-1736 Senningerberg, Luxembourg registered with the Luxembourg register of commerce and companies under number B 104196. FundRock Management Company S.A. is Luxembourg management company acting as an alternative investment fund manager in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2 of the Luxembourg law of 12 July 2013 on alternative investment fund managers.

The manager has organised its activities with an adequate capital basis that may be deemed appropriate to cover any liability risks arising from negligence, cf. section 16(5) no. 1 of the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act. According to the annual report for 2025, the manager's equity was: EUR 10 million

Under the agreement, FundRock Management Company S.A. assumes the administrative and investment and marketing tasks of the fund as well as day-to-day management. These tasks shall be managed by FundRock Management Company S.A. in accordance with the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act, the provisions of the Luxembourg Regulatory Authority (the CSSF) and the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority, the articles of association of the fund, the instructions of the Board and the agreements entered into by the fund.

The agreement may be terminated by either party with four months' notice. In the event of a material breach by either party, the other party shall be entitled to terminate the agreement with immediate effect.

As remuneration for the manager's services, inclusive of the administrator services are based on the below table, deducted from the sub-fund's assets.

AIFM & Administration fee	AUM based up to DKK 100m	0,20 % p.a.
	AUM based above DKK 100m	0,15 % p.a.

Administration Agent

FundRock Management Company S.A. has delegated the administration functions, including the registrar and transfer functions to Apex Fund Services S.A., having its registered office at 3, rue Gabriel Lippmann, L-5365 Munsbach, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, registered with the Luxembourg register of commerce and companies under number B 241514. In its capacity as administration agent for the sub-fund, Apex Fund Services S.A. processes all subscriptions, redemptions, conversions, cancellation and transfers of units and is keeping the register of unitholders of the sub-fund.

Apex Fund Services S.A. is part of Apex Group Ltd, a global financial services provider established in Bermuda in 2003. With 97 offices worldwide and 12,000+ employees in 39 countries, Apex Group delivers an expansive range of services to asset managers, financial institutions, private clients and family offices. The Group has continually improved and evolved its capabilities to offer a single-source solution through establishing the broadest range of services in the industry; including fund services, digital onboarding and bank accounts, depositary, custody, super ManCo services, corporate services including HR and Payroll and a pioneering ESG Ratings and Advisory solution.

Depositary

The fund has entered into a depositary agreement with The Bank of New York Mellon ("BNY Mellon"). BNY Mellon undertakes, as depositary, to hold and manage securities and cash for each of its sub-funds in accordance with the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act, the Executive Order on depositaries and the provisions of the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. BNY Mellon undertakes the control duties and obligations laid down in legislation. Nykredit Bank A/S performs the duty of the certifying institute of the fund.

Up to date information about the depositary, its retention duties and any conflicts of interest that may arise may be obtained from the fund manager at any time.

The sub-fund pays a fee of DKK 105,918 p.a. on these payments, plus a country-dependent deposit fee. In addition, there is a minimum annual fee charged to the sub-fund of DKK 210,000 plus VAT for the depositary function. In addition for the depositary function, the sub-fund will pay on a sliding scale based on assets under management ranging from 0.6bps to 1.25bps.

Delegation of agreements

Currently, the manager has delegated tasks relating to discretionary portfolio management and tasks relating to the distribution and sale of units of the sub-fund, cf. below.

Apart from the rights set out in the applicable law, the investor does not have any special rights in relation to suppliers of services to the fund.

Portfolio management

The fund and the manager have entered into a portfolio management agreement with Fondsmæglerselskabet Marselis A/S.

According to the agreement, the manager must continuously monitor and adapt the composition of the portfolio and the distribution of individual investments according to the expectations for the achievable return. The management must follow the guidelines set by the fund's Board for the sub-fund.

Management fee

The portfolio manager receives a management fee for their portfolio management services.

Marselis – Corporate Bonds Akk. KL A: The fund pays a management fee of 0.50% p.a.

Marselis – Corporate Bonds Akk. KL W: The fund does not pay a management fee.

The management fee is calculated and paid monthly in arrears at 1/12 of the above rates, based on the average of asset statements at the end of the relevant month. Assets are calculated using the same principles used for calculating net asset value for use in determining issue and redemption prices. In the event of issues or redemptions during the month, the sub-fund's assets should be adjusted to reflect cash flow during the month before calculating the fee.

For a period that does not include a full month, a pro rata fee will be paid.

In addition, it has been agreed with the portfolio manager that the sub-fund may pay a performance fee if the conditions set out below are met:

The portfolio manager will receive a performance fee if the return is greater than a CIBOR 6M over a period of time; however CIBOR 6M cannot be set at less than 0% p.a. The performance fee will be 10% of the return above CIBOR 6M p.a.

Calculation of the fee in terms of return takes place monthly and is calculated per unit based on the formulae below. The portfolio manager is paid based on a total of the number of units circulating at the end of the individual settlement period.

$PF_{total_t} = PF_t \times \text{number of circulating units (at the end of the month)}$

$PF_t = \text{Max} [0, (NAV^*_t - HWM_{t-1} \times (1 + HR_t)) \times 10\%]$

$HWM_t = \text{Max} [NAV^*_t, HWM_{t-1} \times (1 + HR_t)]$, where

$NAV_0 = HWM_0 = 100$

$PF_{total_t} = \text{Total performance fee in month } t$

PF_t = Performance fee per unit in month t,

NAV^*_t = Net asset value at the end of month t, defined as the net asset value per unit at the end of month t before calculation of any performance fee for period t,

HWM_t = High water mark at the end of month t,

NAV_t = Net asset value at the end of month t, defined as the net asset value per unit at the end of month t

HR_t = Hurdle rate in month t, defined as CIBOR 6M, but no less than 0% p.a.

The calculation is therefore based on the high water mark principle.

Calculation according to the high water mark principle ensures that a performance fee is only settled when the fund's assets have achieved a positive increase in value and that a performance fee is not paid on the same return more than once.

The high water mark must be adjusted in the event of substantial deposits/withdrawals, in the event of an extraordinary distribution or where the size of the units is changed.

Performance fee calculation simulation:

Marselis – Corporate Bonds Akk. KL W

Month	Start Nav	End Nav	Nav return	Hurdle rate (Cibor 6m)	High water mark	Hurdle NAV	Performance fee	Nav after performance fee
1	100	101.20	1.2%	3.60%	100.00	100.3	0.09%	101.11
2	101.11	101.30	0.2%	3.60%	101.20	101.50	0.00%	101.30
3	101.30	104.25	2.9%	3.60%	101.50	101.81	0.24%	104.00
4	104.00	103.00	-1.0%	3.40%	104.25	104.55	0.00%	103.00
5	103.00	103.75	0.7%	3.40%	104.55	104.84	0.00%	103.75
6	103.75	104.75	1.0%	3.10%	104.84	105.11	0.00%	104.75
7	104.75	106.00	1.2%	3.10%	105.11	105.38	0.06%	105.93
8	105.93	105.50	-0.4%	3.10%	106.00	106.27	0.00%	105.50
9	105.50	108.00	2.4%	3.10%	106.27	106.55	0.15%	107.84

Period 1: End Nav is in excess of the hurdle, performance fee is due. High Water Mark (HWM) is the NAV as the end of period 1 before performance fee (101,2).

Period 2: Hurdle rate of 3,6%/12 is applied 101,20 and Hurdle Nav becomes 101,5. No performance fee end of period.

Period 3: Hurdle rate is applied to Hurdle Nav end of period 2. Performance fee is due on the excess value of 104,25 to 101,81. HWM is End Nav in period 3 (104,25)

Period 4: Nav decreases, no performance fee is due since HWM is hurdle Nav from period 3 (104,55). Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle Nav and becomes 104,55.

Period 5: Nav does not recover previous losses, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle nav and becomes 104,84.

Period 6: Nav has still not caught up with HWM, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle nav and becomes 105,11.

Period 7: Nav increases and surpasses Hurdle NAV (105,38), performance fee is due on excess value of 105,38 to 106. End Nav period 6 becomes new HWM.

Period 8: Nav decreases, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle Nav and becomes 106,27.

Period 9: Nav increases and surpasses Hurdle NAV (106,55), performance fee is due on excess value of 106,55 to 108. End Nav period 9 becomes new HWM.

Marselis – Corporate Bonds Akk. KL A

Month	Start Nav	End Nav	Nav return	Hurdle rate (Cibor 6M)	High water mark	Hurdle NAV	Performance fee	Nav after performance fee
1	100	101.20	1.2%	3.60%	100.00	100.3	0.09%	101.11
2	101.11	101.30	0.2%	3.60%	101.20	101.50	0.00%	101.30
3	101.30	104.25	2.9%	3.60%	101.50	101.81	0.24%	104.00
4	104.00	103.00	-1.0%	3.40%	104.25	104.55	0.00%	103.00
5	103.00	103.75	0.7%	3.40%	104.55	104.84	0.00%	103.75
6	103.75	104.75	1.0%	3.10%	104.84	105.11	0.00%	104.75
7	104.75	106.00	1.2%	3.10%	105.11	105.38	0.06%	105.93
8	105.93	105.50	-0.4%	3.10%	106.00	106.27	0.00%	105.50
9	105.50	108.00	2.4%	3.10%	106.27	106.55	0.15%	107.84

Period 1: End Nav is in excess of the hurdle, performance fee is due. High Water Mark (HWM) is the NAV as the end of period 1 before performance fee (101,2).

Period 2: Hurdle rate of 3,6%/12 is applied 101,20 and Hurdle Nav becomes 101,5. No performance fee end of period.

Period 3: Hurdle rate is applied to Hurdle Nav end of period 2. Performance fee is due on the excess value of 104,25 to 101,81. HWM is End Nav in period 3 (104,25)

Period 4: Nav decreases, no performance fee is due since HWM is hurdle Nav from period 3 (104,55). Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle Nav and becomes 104,55.

Period 5: Nav does not recover previous losses, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle nav and becomes 104,84.

Period 6: Nav has still not caught up with HWM, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle nav and becomes 105,11.

Period 7: Nav increases and surpasses Hurdle NAV (105,38), performance fee is due on excess value of 105,38 to 106. End Nav period 6 becomes new HWM.

Period 8: Nav decreases, no performance fee is due. Hurdle rate is applied to hurdle Nav and becomes 106,27.

Period 9: Nav increases and surpasses Hurdle NAV (106,55), performance fee is due on excess value of 106,55 to 108. End Nav period 9 becomes new HWM.

The above examples are purely for illustrative purposes and are not a representation of the actual performance of the Sub-Fund, or of future returns to unitholders, and have been simplified for the purposes of illustrating the effect of the Performance Fee in different scenarios. These simplifications allow the Performance Fee to be illustrated in a straightforward manner, without producing a material deviation from any actual Performance Fee calculation that will be carried out for the Sub-Fund.

Cooperation agreements

The fund and the AIFM have entered into a marketing agreement with Fondsmæglerselskabet Marselis A/S for the purpose of delegating the sale and marketing of the fund's units. The aim is also to ensure a good basis for selling fund units and to improve the quality of the advice through the distribution channels of the investment company.

Board of Directors

The remuneration of the Board of Directors shall be approved by the Annual General Meeting. The distribution of the fee between the individual sub-funds in the fund is covered by the provisions of the articles of association on this.

The Danish Financial Supervisory Authority

The fee to the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority is paid according to invoice.

Auditor

The auditor of the fund shall be chosen by the Annual General Meeting.

The fund's auditor exercises the fixed external audit activity in the fund and may be assigned other tasks relating to accounting, tax and non-audit services on an ad hoc basis.

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab has been selected as auditor of the fund.

Total administrative costs

In accordance with the articles of association, each of the fund's sub-funds shall bear its own costs.

The annual administration costs of the sub-fund for 2024 amount to:

Marselis Corporate Bonds Akk. DKK 3.059 (expressed in DKK 1.000 as per the audited Financial Statements)

Tax situation

The remuneration and fees in the fund's agreements are exclusive of any taxes or duties.

ASSOCIATED PERSONS AND COMPANIES

Board of Directors of the fund

Partner Kim Høibye, lawyer, Chairman
Lund Elmer Sandager

Director, Mads Hørberg

Managing Director Henrik Vincents
Johansen
Roskilde Fællesbageri ApS

Director

Fundrock Management Company S.A.
5 Heienhaff
L-1736 Senningerberg,
Luxembourg
RCS number B 104196

Auditor

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Dirch Passers Allé 36
DK-2000 Frederiksberg
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Administration Agent

Apex Fund Services S.A.
3, rue Gabriel Lippmann
L-5365 Munsbach
Luxembourg
RCS number B 241514

Depository

The Bank of New York Mellon
Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3.
DK-2900 Hellerup
CVR no. 41 82 00 63

Portfolio Manager

Fondsmæglerselskabet Marselis A/S
Fredericiagade 23, 1.
DK-8000 Aarhus C
CVR no. 35 80 75 94

Person responsible for appeals

Under the Danish Financial Business Act, private investors in the fund may submit a complaint with the sub-fund's complaints officer at the sub-fund manager. Appeals guidelines can be obtained from the fund manager.

Appeals body

Danish Financial
Complaint Board
Store Kongensgade 62, 2.
DK-1264 Copenhagen K
sek@fanke.dk
Tel. +45 35 43 63 33

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

This investor information, prepared in Danish, is intended for investors in Denmark and has been prepared in accordance with Danish rules and legislation. The investor information has been prepared in accordance with chapter 10 of the Danish Alternative Investment Fund Managers, etc. Act. The investor information has not been approved by or registered with any foreign authority for the sale and marketing of fund units outside Denmark.

Information in this investor information may not be considered advice regarding investment or other matters. Investors are encouraged to seek individual advice on their own investment and related circumstances.

Distribution of this investor information may be restricted in certain countries. Persons who come into possession of investor information are obliged to inspect and observe such restrictions themselves. The fund units covered by the investor information may not be offered or sold in the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom and such investor information may not be provided to investors domiciled in those countries.

Information in such investor information is not an offer or invitation to make a tender in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation of a tender is not permitted, or to persons to whom such offer or solicitation of a tender is not permitted.

All information in this investor information, including investment strategy and risk profile, may be changed within the framework of legislation and articles of association, following a decision by the Board of Directors.